



# Material Safety Data Sheet

Date Originated: 01/01/2021

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<b>NFPA</b> 	<b>HCS Risk Phrases</b> HCS CLASS: Highly toxic. HCS CLASS: Irritating substance. HCS CLASS: Sensitizing substance. HCS CLASS: Target organ effects. HCS CLASS: Combustible liquid having a flash point between 37.8°C (100°F) and 93.3°C (200°F).	<b>Protective Clothing</b> 
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## Section 1. Chemical Product and Company Identification

**Product Name**

**Polyflex Rapid Repair ISO Catalyst**

**Synonym**

WP204A.00

**Manufacturer**

SUPPLIER:  
 Wasser Corporation  
 4118 B PL NW, Suite B  
 Auburn, WA 98001, US  
 Phone# 253-850-2967

**Chemical Family**

Not applicable. (Catalyst for Paint)

**In case of Emergency**

EMERGENCY PHONE NUMBERS:  
 USA and Canada: 1-800 424-9300  
 International: 1-703 527-3887

## Section 2. Composition and Information on Ingredients

Name	CAS #	% by Weight	TLV/PEL	LC <sub>50</sub> /LD <sub>50</sub>
Isophorone diisocyanate prepolymer	Proprietary	50-75	Not available.	Not available.
Isophorone diisocyanate homopolymer	53880-05-0	10-30	Not available.	Not available.
Blend of aliphatic diisocyanate prepolymer	Proprietary	5-10	Not available.	Not available.
Methyl n-amyl ketone	110-43-0	5-10	TWA: 50 (ppm) from ACGIH (TLV) TWA: 100 (ppm) from OSHA (PEL)	ORAL (LD50): Acute: 1670 mg/kg [Rat]. DERMAL (LD50): Acute: 12600 mg/kg [Rabbit]. VAPOR (LC50): Acute: 3000 ppm 4 hour(s) [Rat].
Light aromatic solvent naphtha (petroleum)	64742-95-6	5-10	TWA: 50 (ppm) from ACGIH (TLV)	ORAL (LD50): Acute: 6960 mg/kg [Rat]. DERMAL (LD50): Acute: 4000 mg/kg [Rabbit]. VAPOR (LC50): Acute: 10200 ppm 4 hour(s) [Rat].
Isophorone Diisocyanate (IPDI)	4098-71-9	1-5	TWA: 0.005 STEL: 0.02 (ppm) from OSHA (PEL) SKIN TWA: 0.005 STEL: 0.02 (ppm) from ACGIH (TLV) SKIN TWA: 0.045 (mg/m <sup>3</sup> ) from ACGIH SKIN	ORAL (LD50): Acute: 5490 mg/kg [Rat]. DERMAL (LD50): Acute: 1000 mg/kg [Rat]. VAPOR (LC50): Acute: 13.5 ppm 4 hour(s) [Rat].
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	1-5	TWA: 25 CEIL: 35 (ppm) TWA: 125 CEIL: 170 (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	Not available.
Dicyclohexylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate	5124-30-1	0-1	TWA: 0.01 (ppm) TWA: 0.11 (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ORAL (LD50): Acute: 9900 mg/kg [Rat].

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## Section 3. Hazards Identification

**Routes of Entry:** Inhalation. Skin contact (absorption). Eye contact. Ingestion.

### Potential Acute Health Effects

**Eyes:** Liquid or spray mist may irritate eyes. Over-exposure may cause severe irritation. Inflammation of the eye is characterized by redness, watering, and itching.

**Skin:** This product may irritate skin upon contact. Harmful if absorbed through the skin. May cause skin sensitization. Skin inflammation is characterized by itching, scaling, reddening, or, occasionally, blistering.

**Ingestion:** Harmful if swallowed. Irritation or chemical burns of the mouth, pharynx, esophagus and stomach can develop following ingestion of this product. Even small amounts of liquid aspirated into the lungs during ingestion or vomiting may cause pulmonary injury and possibly death.

**Inhalation:** Harmful if inhaled (irritant, sensitizer). Over-exposure by inhalation of the vapors/spray mist may produce severe irritation of respiratory tract, characterized by coughing, choking, or shortness of breath. May cause sensitization by inhalation. May cause nausea, vomiting and general weakness. Massive overexposure can cause unconsciousness and death.

### Potential Chronic Health Effects

**Eyes:** Repeated or prolonged contact with spray mist may produce chronic eye irritation.

**Skin:** Repeated skin exposure can produce local skin destruction, or dermatitis, possibly skin and/or respiratory sensitization. (Skin only exposure can result in lung sensitization).

**Ingestion:** May be fatal if swallowed.

**Inhalation:** Repeated or prolonged inhalation of vapors/spray mist may lead to chronic respiratory irritation and decrease of lungs capacity. May cause respiratory (lung) sensitization by inhalation and skin contact.

### Other chronic effects on Humans

The substance is toxic to mucous membranes, upper respiratory tract, lungs, blood, kidney, liver. Exposure may cause asthma, decrease of lung capacity, dermatitis and pulmonary oedema; effects may be delayed. Sensitive individuals may develop eczema and/or asthma on inhalation of this material. However, in light of good industrial hygiene, exposure to any chemical should be kept to a minimum.

## Section 4. First Aid Measures

**Eye Contact** Check for and remove any contact lenses. IMMEDIATELY flush eyes with running (lukewarm) water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. DO NOT use an eye ointment. Seek medical attention.

**Skin Contact** Wash gently and thoroughly the contaminated skin with running water and non-abrasive soap. Rinse with plenty of running water (15-30 minutes). If irritation persists, seek medical attention.

**Hazardous Skin Contact** If the product gets onto the clothed portion of the body, remove the contaminated clothes as quickly as possible, protecting your own hands and body. Place the person under shower. Wash gently and thoroughly the contaminated skin with running water and non-abrasive soap. Be particularly careful to clean folds, crevices, creases and groin. Rinse with plenty of running water (15-30 minutes). Seek medical attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing.

**Inhalation** Allow the person to rest in a well ventilated area. Loosen tight clothing around the person's neck and waist. If symptoms persist, seek medical advice immediately (show the label when possible).

**Hazardous Inhalation** Evacuate the person to a safe area as soon as possible. Loosen tight clothing around the person's neck and waist. If the person is not breathing, administer mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Warning: It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation if the inhaled material is toxic, infectious or corrosive. Oxygen may be administered if breathing is difficult. Seek medical attention.

**Ingestion** DO NOT induce vomiting. Have conscious person drink several glasses of water or milk. Seek immediate medical attention.

**Hazardous Ingestion** DO NOT induce vomiting. Have conscious person drink several glasses of water or milk. Never give an unconscious person anything to ingest. Even small amounts of liquid aspirated into lungs during ingestion or from vomiting may cause mild to severe pulmonary injury and possibly death. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. If the person is not breathing, administer mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. WARNING: It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation when the material is toxic, infectious or corrosive. Avoid mouth-to-mouth contact by using mouth guards or shields. Seek immediate medical attention.

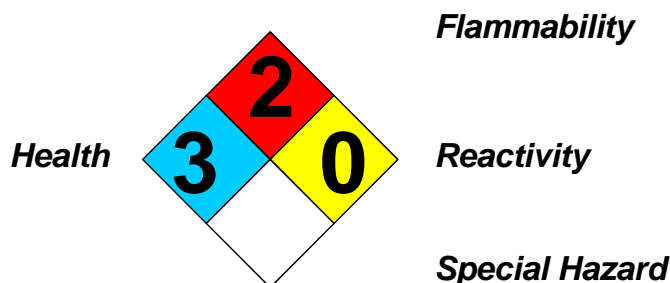
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## Section 5. Fire and Explosion Data

<b>Flammability of the Product</b>	Combustible.
<b>Auto-Ignition Temperature</b>	The lowest known value is 393°C (739.4°F) (Methyl n -amyl ketone).
<b>Flash Points</b>	The lowest known value is CLOSED CUP: 39°C (102.2F ). (Tagliabue.). (Methyl n-amyl ketone)
<b>Flammable Limits</b>	The greatest known range is LOWER: 1% UPPER: 13.1% (Isophorone Diisocyanate (IPDI))
<b>Products of Combustion</b>	Carbon oxides (CO, CO <sub>2</sub> ), and other toxic compounds (nitrogen oxides, isocyanate vapors and traces of hydrogen cyanide).
<b>Fire Hazards in Presence of Various Substances</b>	Combustible in presence of open flames and sparks.
<b>Explosion Hazards in Presence of Various Substances</b>	Risks of explosion of the product in presence of mechanical impact: Not available. Risks of explosion of the product in presence of static discharge: Possible.
<b>Fire Fighting Media and Instructions</b>	SMALL FIRE: Use DRY chemicals, CO <sub>2</sub> , alcohol foam or water spray. LARGE FIRE: Use water spray or fog. Never direct a water jet in the container in order to prevent any splashing of the product which could cause spreading of the fire. Cool the containers with water spray or fog in order to prevent pressure build-up, autoignition or explosion. Firefighters should be equipped with self-contained breathing apparatus to protect against toxic and irritating fumes. During a fire, isocyanate vapors and other irritating, highly toxic gases may be generated by thermal decomposition or combustion.
<b>Special Remarks on Fire Hazards</b>	Vapor may travel considerable distance to source of ignition and flash back. When heated to decomposition it emits highly toxic fumes.
<b>Special Remarks on Explosion Hazards</b>	Container explosion may occur under fire conditions or when heated (due to pressure build-up). Vapor forms explosive mixture with air between upper and lower flammable limits.



## Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

<b>Small Spill</b>	Absorb with an inert material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Treat with a neutralizing solution (5% ammonia water, or 5-10 % sodium carbonate in water). Wear suitable protective clothing and respirator.
<b>Large Spill</b>	Combustible, poisonous liquid, insoluble or very slightly soluble in water. Ventilate. Eliminate all sources of ignition. Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye/face protection. A self-contained breathing apparatus should be used to avoid inhalation of the product. Warn personnel to move away. Stop leak if without risk. DO NOT touch spilled material. Prevent entry into sewers, basements or confined areas; dike if needed. Cover with WET earth, sand or other non-combustible material, or with DRY absorbent wetted with a neutralizing solution (5% ammonia water, or 5-10% sodium carbonate in water). After 15 minutes transfer it to waste container, or put in open drums - fill the drums half way. Do not seal - evolution of CO <sub>2</sub> can cause pressure build-up. Keep drums (not sealed) outside, or in safe ventilated area for a few days. After clean-up monitor the vapors concentration. Use the neutralizing solution to decontaminate the surface and the tools. The spilled material, clean-up residues, and spent decontamination solution are hazardous wastes. Call for assistance on disposal.

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## Section 7. Handling and Storage

<b>Precautions</b>	Keep locked up and out of reach of children. Manipulate in a well ventilated area. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Do not breathe gas/fumes/vapor/spray. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Contact lenses should not be worn. Keep away from foodstuff, drinks and tobacco. Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in area where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Ensure that eyewash station and safety shower are proximal to the work-station location. In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label when possible). Individuals with respiratory problems (asthma, chronic bronchitis), or allergic to isocyanates or solvents, should avoid any contact with this product. ATTENTION: Isocyanate vapors cannot be smelled until concentrations are well above the safe exposure limit! Ground all equipment containing material (during handling, mixing and spraying).
<b>Storage</b>	Keep away from heat. Keep away from sources of ignition. Keep container tightly closed and in a well-ventilated place. Contains moisture sensitive material; store in a dry place. Keep away from incompatibles.

## Section 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

<b>Engineering Controls</b>	Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective threshold limit value. Ensure that eyewash station and safety shower are proximal to the work-station location. Do air monitoring if possible.
<b>Personal Protection</b>	During mixing, handling and application: Splash goggles. Full protective clothing. Gloves (impervious). Suitable respiratory equipment. When air concentrations are not known or above the threshold limit value, an air-supplied respirator. Refer to OSHA Respiratory Protection Standard (29 CFR 1910.134). When welding, refer to OSHA Standard (29 CFR 1926.354): Welding, Cutting and Heating in Way of Preservative Coatings. ATTN: Air-purifying (cartridge type) respirators are not approved for protection against isocyanates due to their low warning properties.
<b>Personal Protection in Case of a Large Spill</b>	Splash goggles. Full suit. Boots. Gloves (impervious). Self-contained breathing apparatus must be used to avoid inhalation of the product.

## Section 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

<b>Physical state and appearance</b>	Liquid.	<b>Odor</b>	Aromatic.
<b>Molecular Weight</b>	Not applicable.	<b>Taste</b>	Not available.
<b>pH (1% soln/water)</b>	Not applicable.	<b>Color</b>	Clear
<b>Boiling Point</b>	The lowest known value is 152°C (305.6°F) (Methyl n-amyl ketone). Weighted average: 155.97°C (312.7°F)	<b>Odor Threshold</b>	ATTENTION: ISOCYANATE VAPORS CANNOT BE SMELLED UNTIL CONCENTRATIONS ARE WELL ABOVE THE SAFE EXPOSURE LIMIT!
<b>Melting Point</b>	May start to solidify at -35.5°C (-31.9°F) based on data for: Methyl n-amyl ketone. Weighted average: -41.89°C (-43.4°F)	<b>Evaporation rate</b>	0.42 (Light aromatic solvent naphtha (petroleum)). compared to Butyl acetate.
<b>Critical Temperature</b>	Not available.	<b>Viscosity</b>	Not available.
<b>Specific Gravity</b>	1.07 (Water = 1)	<b>Water/Oil Dist. Coeff.</b>	0
<b>Vapor Pressure</b>	The highest known value is 2.1 mm of Hg (@ 20°C) (Methyl n-amyl ketone). Weighted average: 1.72 mm of Hg (@ 20°C)	<b>Ionicity (in Water)</b>	Not available.
<b>Vapor Density</b>	The highest known value is 7.67 (Air = 1) (Isophorone Diisocyanate (IPDI)). Weighted average: 4.54 (Air = 1)	<b>Dispersion Properties</b>	Is not dispersed in water.
<b>Volatility</b>	21% (v/v). 18% (w/w).	<b>Solubility</b>	Insoluble in water.

## Section 10. Stability and Reactivity Data

<b>Stability</b>	The product is stable.
<b>Instability Temperature</b>	Not available.
<b>Conditions of Instability</b>	Not available.
<b>Incompatibility with various substances</b>	Incompatible with water, strong oxidizing agents, amines, strong bases, strong acids, alcohols. Absorbs moisture from the air. Reacts slowly with water to liberate CO2 gas.
<b>Corrosivity</b>	Not considered to be corrosive for glass and metals according to our data base.
<b>Special Remarks on Reactivity</b>	React slowly with water to liberate CO2 gas. Contact with moisture or other materials which react with isocyanates may cause polymerization (amines, strong bases, alcohols, metal compounds and surface active materials). (Isophorone Diisocyanate (IPDI))

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## Section 11. Toxicological Information

Routes of Entry	Inhalation. Skin contact (absorption). Eye contact. Ingestion.
Toxicity to Animals	See: Section 2
Chronic Effects on Humans	The substance is toxic to mucous membranes, upper respiratory tract, lungs, blood, kidney, liver. Exposure may cause asthma, decrease of lung capacity, dermatitis and pulmonary oedema; effects may be delayed. Sensitive individuals may develop eczema and/or asthma on inhalation of this material. However, in light of good industrial hygiene, exposure to any chemical should be kept to a minimum.
Other Toxic Effects on Humans	See: Section 3
Special Remarks on Toxicity to Animals	No additional remark.
Special Remarks on Chronic Effects on Humans	Isocyanates are not known to cause cancer in humans, but may cause skin and respiratory sensitization in humans. Sensitive individuals may develop eczema and/or asthma on inhalation of this material. Exposure may cause asthma, dermatitis and pulmonary oedema; effects may be delayed. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational exposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage, and other systemic effects. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling vapors may be harmful or fatal.
Special Remarks on other Toxic Effects on Humans	Exposure can cause nausea, headache and vomiting. Over-exposure can cause lung irritation, chest pain and oedema which may be fatal. Sensitizer - skin and inhalation. Medical supervision of all employees who come in contact with this product is recommended (preemployment and periodic medical examinations).

## Section 12. Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity	Not available.
BOD5 and COD	Not available.
Products of Biodegradation	Not available.
Toxicity of the Products of Biodegradation	Not available.
Special Remarks on the Products of Biodegradation	No additional remarks.

## Section 13. Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal	In accordance with municipal, state, and federal regulations. Consult your local or regional authorities. Empty containers must be handled with care due to product residue. Do not heat or cut empty containers with electric or gas torch.
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## Section 14. Transport Information

DOT Classification	DOT CLASS 3: Flammable liquid with a flash point lower than 37.8°C (100°F). PG: III
DOT Identification number	UN1263 Paint related material.
Special Provisions for Transport	No specific remarks.
DOT (Pictograms)	



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Product Name: Polyflex Rapid Repair ISO Catalyst

## Section 15. Other Regulatory Information and Pictograms

**Other Regulations** OSHA: Hazardous by definition of Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

**Other Classifications** WHMIS (Canada)

DSCL (EEC)

**Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)**

Health Hazard	3
Fire Hazard	2
Reactivity	0
Personal Protection	X

**National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)**

Health



Fire Hazard

Reactivity

Specific hazard

**WHMIS (Canada) (Pictograms)**

**DSCL (Europe) (Pictograms)**

**TDG (Canada) (Pictograms)**

**ADR (Europe) (Pictograms)**

**Protective Clothing (Pictograms)**



## Section 16. Other Information

**References** Manufacturer's MSDS, RTESC, NIOSH, CCOHS.

**Other Special Considerations** Individuals with respiratory problems (asthma, chronic bronchitis) should avoid any contact with this product. Medical supervision of all employees who come in contact with this product is recommended (pre-employment and periodic medical examination).

Validated on 01/01/2021.

Printed 01/01/2021.

**EMERGENCY PHONE NUMBERS:**

USA and Canada: 1-800 424-9300

International: 1-703 527-3887



### Notice to Reader

*To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.*

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Date Originated: 25/06/2008

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NFPA 	HCS Risk Phrases HCS CLASS: Irritating substance.	Protective Clothing 
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## Section 1. Chemical Product and Company Identification

**Product Name**

**Poyflex Rapid Repair Grey Resin**

**Synonym**

WP204B.64

**Manufacturer**

SUPPLIER:  
Wasser Corporation  
4118 B PL NW, Suite B  
Auburn, WA 98001, US  
Phone# 253-850-2967

**Chemical Family**

Not applicable.

**In case of Emergency**

EMERGENCY PHONE NUMBERS:  
USA and Canada: 1-800 424-9300  
International: 1-703 527-3887

## Section 2. Composition and Information on Ingredients

Name	CAS #	% by Weight	TLV/PEL	LC <sub>50</sub> /LD <sub>50</sub>
Aspartic Ester	Not available (trade secret)	10-30	Not available.	ORAL (LD50): Acute: 2000 mg/kg [Rat].
Castor oil	8001-79-4	10-30	Not available.	Not available.
Hydrous calcium magnesium silicate mix	14807-96-6	1-5	TWA: 2 (mg/m <sup>3</sup> ) from ACGIH (TLV)	Not available.
Amorphous silica	7631-86-9	1-5	TWA: 10 (mg/m <sup>3</sup> ) from ACGIH	Not available.
Aluminum oxide	1344-28-1	1-5	TWA: 10 CEIL: 20 (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	Not available.
Ferric oxide	1309-37-1	1-5	TWA: 5 (mg/m <sup>3</sup> ) from ACGIH (TLV)	ORAL (LD50): Acute: 10000 mg/kg [Rat].
Calcium Oxide	1305-78-8	1-5	TWA: 2 (mg/m <sup>3</sup> ) from ACGIH	Not available.
Titanium oxide	13463-67-7	1-5	TWA: 5 (mg/m <sup>3</sup> ) from OSHA TWA: 10 (mg/m <sup>3</sup> ) from ACGIH INHALATION	ORAL (LD50): Acute: 24000 mg/kg [Rat]. DERMAL (LD50): Acute: 10000 mg/kg [Rabbit].

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Product Name: Poyflex Rapid Repair Grey Resin

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## Section 3. Hazards Identification

**Routes of Entry:** Ingestion. Skin contact. Inhalation.

### Potential Acute Health Effects

**Eyes:** This product may irritate eyes upon contact.

**Skin:** This product may irritate skin upon contact and may cause dermatitis.

**Ingestion:** Harmful if swallowed.

**Inhalation:** May irritate nasal passages and throat, cause dizziness or headaches.

### Potential Chronic Health Effects

**Eyes:** Repeated or prolonged contact with spray mist may produce chronic eye irritation.

**Skin:** Repeated skin exposure can produce local skin destruction, or dermatitis.

**Ingestion:** Harmful if swallowed.

**Inhalation:** There is no known effect from chronic exposure to this product.

**Other chronic effects on Humans** No additional remarks.

## Section 4. First Aid Measures

<b>Eye Contact</b>	Check for and remove any contact lenses. IMMEDIATELY flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. If irritation persists, consult a physician.
<b>Skin Contact</b>	Wash gently and thoroughly the contaminated skin with running water and non-abrasive soap. If irritation persists, seek medical attention.
<b>Hazardous Skin Contact</b>	If the product gets onto the clothed portion of the body, remove the contaminated clothes as quickly as possible, protecting your own hands and body. Place the person under shower. Wash gently and thoroughly the contaminated skin with running water and non-abrasive soap. Rinse with plenty of running water. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing.
<b>Inhalation</b>	Allow the victim to rest in a well ventilated area.
<b>Hazardous Inhalation</b>	Allow the victim to rest in a well ventilated area. Seek medical attention.
<b>Ingestion</b>	DO NOT induce vomiting. Have conscious person drink several glasses of water or milk. Seek immediate medical attention.
<b>Hazardous Ingestion</b>	DO NOT induce vomiting. Have conscious person drink several glasses of water or milk. Never give an unconscious person anything to ingest. Lower the head so that the vomit will not reenter the mouth and throat. Liquid aspirated into lungs during ingestion or from vomiting may cause mild to severe pulmonary injury. If the person is not breathing, administer mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Seek immediate medical attention.



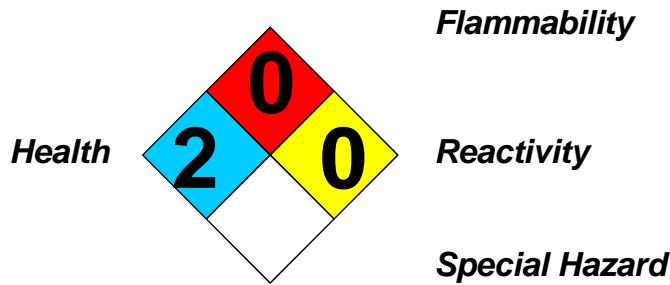
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## Section 5. Fire and Explosion Data

<b>Flammability of the Product</b>	May be combustible at high temperature.
<b>Auto-Ignition Temperature</b>	The lowest known value is 449°C (840.2°F)
<b>Flash Points</b>	The lowest known value is CLOSED CUP: 94°C (201.2°F ). (Aspartic Ester)
<b>Flammable Limits</b>	Not available.
<b>Products of Combustion</b>	Carbon oxides (CO, CO2), and other toxic compounds (nitrogen oxides).
<b>Fire Hazards in Presence of Various Substances</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Explosion Hazards in Presence of Various Substances</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Fire Fighting Media and Instructions</b>	SMALL FIRE: Use DRY chemicals, CO2, water spray or foam. LARGE FIRE: Use water spray or fog. Never direct a water jet in the container in order to prevent any splashing of the product which could cause spreading of the fire. Cool the containers with water spray or fog in order to prevent pressure build-up, autoignition or explosion. Firefighters should be equipped with self-contained breathing apparatus to protect against toxic and irritating fumes. During a fire, irritating, toxic gases may be generated by thermal decomposition or combustion.
<b>Special Remarks on Fire Hazards</b>	When heated to decomposition it emits highly toxic fumes.
<b>Special Remarks on Explosion Hazards</b>	No additional remark.



## Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

<b>Small Spill</b>	bsorb with an inert material and put the spilled material in an appropriate waste disposal.
<b>Large Spill</b>	Absorb with an inert material and put the spilled material in an appropriate waste disposal container. Prevent entry into sewers, basements or confined areas; dike if needed. Wear suitable protective clothing. Dispose of according to local and regional authority requirements. Call for assistance on disposal.

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Product Name: Poyflex Rapid Repair Grey Resin

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## Section 7. Handling and Storage

<b>Precautions</b>	Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Eyewash station and safety shower should be available. Use only in well ventilated areas.
<b>Storage</b>	Keep out of reach of children. Keep away from heat. Keep away from sources of ignition. Keep container tightly closed and in a well-ventilated place.

## Section 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

<b>Engineering Controls</b>	Use only in well ventilated areas.
<b>Personal Protection</b>	Splash goggles. Gloves (impervious).
<b>Personal Protection in Case of a Large Spill</b>	Splash goggles. Full suit. Gloves. Boots. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate.

## Section 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

<b>Physical state and appearance</b>	Liquid.	<b>Odor</b>	Low odor.
<b>Molecular Weight</b>	Not applicable.	<b>Taste</b>	Not available.
<b>pH (1% soln/water)</b>	Not available.	<b>Color</b>	Grey.
<b>Boiling Point</b>	The lowest known value is 313°C (595.4°F) (Castor oil ).	<b>Odor Threshold</b>	Not available.
<b>Melting Point</b>	May start to solidify at -12°C (10.4°F) based on data for: Castor oil .	<b>Evaporation rate</b>	Not available.
<b>Critical Temperature</b>	Not available.	<b>Viscosity</b>	Not available.
<b>Specific Gravity</b>	1.29 (Water = 1)	<b>Water/Oil Dist. Coeff.</b>	Not available.
<b>Vapor Pressure</b>	Not available.	<b>Ionicity (in Water)</b>	Not available.
<b>Vapor Density</b>	Not available	<b>Dispersion Properties</b>	Not dispersed in water.
<b>Volatility</b>	0%	<b>Solubility</b>	Not soluble in water.

## Section 10. Stability and Reactivity Data

<b>Stability</b>	The product is stable.
<b>Instability Temperature</b>	Not available.
<b>Conditions of Instability</b>	Not available.
<b>Incompatibility with various substances</b>	Not available.
<b>Corrosivity</b>	No specific information is available in our data base regarding the corrosivity of this product in presence of various materials.
<b>Special Remarks on Reactivity</b>	No additional remarks.
<b>Special Remarks on Corrosivity</b>	No additional remarks.

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## Section 11. Toxicological Information

Routes of Entry	Ingestion. Skin contact. Inhalation.
Toxicity to Animals	See: Section II
Chronic Effects on Humans	No additional remarks.
Other Toxic Effects on Humans	Our database contains no additional remarks on the other toxic effects of this product.
Special Remarks on Toxicity to Animals	IARC Group 2B carcinogen - possibly carcinogenic to humans (Titanium dioxide).
Special Remarks on Chronic Effects on Humans	No additional remarks.
Special Remarks on other Toxic Effects on Humans	No additional remarks.

## Section 12. Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity	Not available.
BOD5 and COD	Not available.
Products of Biodegradation	Not available.
Toxicity of the Products of Biodegradation	Not available.
Special Remarks on the Products of Biodegradation	No additional remarks.

## Section 13. Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal	In accordance with municipal, provincial and federal regulations. Consult your local or regional authorities.
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## Section 14. Transport Information

DOT Classification	Not a DOT controlled material in USA.
DOT Identification number	No PIN/UN number - Not controlled.
Special Provisions for Transport	Not applicable.
DOT (Pictograms)	



# Material Safety Data Sheet

Product Name: Poyflex Rapid Repair Grey Resin

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## Section 15. Other Regulatory Information and Pictograms

**Other Regulations** OSHA: Hazardous by definition of Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). TSCA (Toxic Substance Control Act): All components of this product are listed on the TSCA Inventory.

**Other Classifications** WHMIS (Canada)

DSCL (EEC)

**Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)**

Health Hazard	2
Fire Hazard	0
Reactivity	0
Personal Protection	0

**National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)**

Health



Fire Hazard

Reactivity

Specific hazard

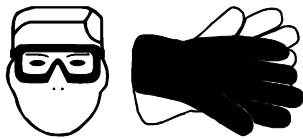
**WHMIS (Canada) (Pictograms)**

**DSCL (Europe) (Pictograms)**

**TDG (Canada) (Pictograms)**

**ADR (Europe) (Pictograms)**

**Protective Clothing (Pictograms)**



## Section 16. Other Information

**References** Manufacturer's MSDS, RTESC, NIOSH, CCOHS.  
Hazardous Chemicals Desk Reference, R.J. Lewis, Sr. 2nd ed. 1991 Van Nostrand Reinhold.  
Hawley, G.G.. The Condensed Chemical Dictionary, 12th ed., New York N.Y., Van Nostrand Reinhold, 1987.

**Other Special Considerations** No additional remarks.

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**EMERGENCY PHONE NUMBERS:**  
USA and Canada: 1-800 424-9300  
International: 1-703 527-3887

### Notice to Reader

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